



NAME(S): Generic: meloxicam (mel OKS i kam) | Brand: Mobic, Anjeso, Vivlodex, Qmizz ODT

PHARMACOLOGIC & THERAPEUTIC CLASS: Non-opioid Analgesic | Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory Drug (NSAID)

DOSAGE FORM & STRENGTH: Caps: 5 mg, 10 mg | Injectable: 30 mg/mL | Tabs: 7.5 mg, 15 mg | ODT: 7.5 mg, 15 mg

INDICATION(S) & DOSING(S): ADULTS (Lowest dose in CYP2C9 poor metabolizers. If GI upset take w/ food.)

- 1. **Osteoarthritis:** [Caps] Tx range of 5-10 mg PO qd. Initiate at 5 mg PO qd w/ a max of 10 mg/day. [Tabs] Tx range of 7.5-15 mg PO qd. Initiate at 7.5 mg PO qd w/ a max of 15 mg/day.
- 2. Rheumatoid arthritis: [Tabs] Tx range of 7.5-15 mg PO qd. Initiate at 7.5 mg PO qd with a max of 15 mg/day.
- OFF LABEL | **Gout (acute flares)**: 15 mg PO qd initiated w/in 24-48 hours of flare onset. D/c 2-3 days after resolution. Tx duration b/t 5-7 days.

INDICATION(S) & DOSING(S): PEDIATRICS (Lowest dose in CYP2C9 poor metabolizers. If GI upset take w/ food.)

1. Juvenile idiopathic arthritis: In pts >60kg 7.5 mg PO qd with a max of 7.5 mg/day.

MECHANISM OF ACTION & PHARMACOLOGY

- MOA: Reversible inhibitor of the COX1/COX2 enzymes resulting in a decrease of thromboxane and prostaglandin synthesis. The inhibition of the COX1/COX2 enzymes cause antipyretic, anti-inflammatory, and analgesic effects. Other factors that may also contribute to meloxicam's efficacy are the inhibition of chemotaxis & neutrophil aggregation/activation, the decrease of pro-inflammatory cytokine levels, and the alteration of lymphocyte activity.
- Metabolized hepatically via the CYP2C9 & CYP3A4 pathways. | Primarily excreted in the urine as inactive metabolites and secondarily fecally. | Time to peak for the suspension is 1-3 hours (children) and 6-12 hours (adolescents). In adults the capsule is w/in 2 hours. The tablet b/t 4-5 hours. The ODT 4-12 hours. Food prolongs the time to peak by ~8 hours. | Half-Life elimination is 13-22 hours (respectively for children-adults, PO/IV). | 99% protein bound.

SPECIAL POPULATIONS & CONSIDERATIONS

- Renal Impair: Avoid use (caps & tabs). If hemodialysis pt max of 5 mg/day (caps) or 7.5 mg/day (tabs).
- **Hepatic Impair:** Child-Pugh Class A/B no adjustments. Child-Pugh Class C limited data available.
- **Pregnancy:** Birth defects observed in utero from NSAID exposure in various studies. NSAID use close to conception may be associated w/ miscarriages.

SIDE EFFECTS

- Common: N/v/d, anemia (long-term use), fluid retention, tinnitus, photosensitivity, UTI/URI, and others.
- Serious: GI bleeding/perforation/ulcer, stroke/MI/thromboembolism, nephrotoxicity, hyperkalemia, and others.



BLACK BOX WARNING: <u>Cardiovascular Thrombotic Event</u> – Increased risk of serious/potential fatal cardiovascular thrombotic events (MI, stroke) from NSAID use. Risk occurs early in treatment initiation and with longer durations of therapy. <u>GI Bleeding, Ulceration, and Perforation</u> – Increased risk of serious/potential fatal GI adverse events (bleeding, ulcer, stomach perforation, intestine perforation). GI events may occur at any time and w/o warning s/sx. Elderly and pt w/ hx of PUD and GI issues are at higher risk.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

- **DI Profile:** CYP2C9 substrate, antiplatelet effects, hyperkalemia, hypertensive effects, lowers seizure threshold, & others.
- Contraindicated: ketorolac
- Avoid: aspirin and other NSAIDs (diclofenac, ibuprofen, naproxen), colestipol, enoxaparin, valsartan, and others.

MONITORING PARAMETERS

• Creatinine, dehydration, BP, CBC, LFTs, renal fxn, & s/sx of GI bleed.

PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

- Meloxicam is commonly used to treat arthritis and to ease pain.
- Common side effects that are GI related can be minimized if taken with food.

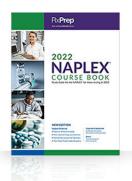
REFERENCE(S)

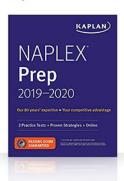
- 1. https://online.epocrates.com/drugs/222510/meloxicam/Monograph
- 2. https://www.drugs.com/ppa/meloxicam.html



PREPARE FOR SUCCESS!

Comprehensive (NAPLEX)

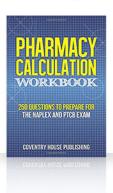


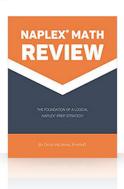


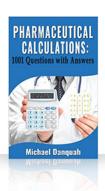


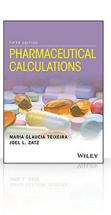


Calculations (NAPLEX)

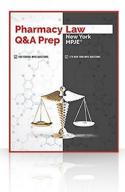






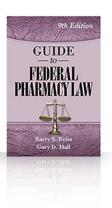


Pharmacy Law (MPJE)









Supplemental









DISCLAIMERS

This page contains affiliate links. Buying something through a link will provide a small monetary commission to Drug Cards Daily at no cost to you! This is done to keep Drug Cards Daily going and to provide as much free content to people like you! Thank you so very much for your support! Also, images are property of their respective parties and can be removed by contacting Drug Cards Daily.

DRUG CARDS D A I L Y

Monday at 7 am EST (6 am CST, 4 am PST)

HEY NEW GRAD!

So you landed that perfect job offer or got the perfect match for your PGY1 and now the **ONLY** thing standing in your way is passing the NAPLEX and MPJE.

Here are some NAPLEX & MPJE prep recommendations to help you do everything you can to pass the first time!

HEY STUDENT!

When I was P1 one of the best pieces of advice I got from those before me was to use a NAPLEX Prep book while learning each topic.

This helps focus your learning and the repetition helps to retain info and indirectly prepare you for the NAPLEX









